HONGCHEN METAL
INDUSTRIAL METAL MATERIALS

PRODUCT DATA SHEET
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PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS · COIL

Inconel 925 Coil

Chemical composition, mechanical properties and material characteristics

Features

- Incoloy 925 plate is made of a nickel-based high-temperature alloy that is widely used in industrial fields under various extreme environments due to its excellent corrosion resistance and high-temperature strength.

Typical Applications

- Applied in oil & gas production equipment needing a combination of strength and resistance to sour / chloride environments after age hardening.

Product Parameters

Product Name	Incoloy 925 Coil
Type	Precipitation-Hardened Ni-Fe-Cr Alloy (Inconel 925)
Standard	UNS N09925
Surface	BA, 2B, No.1, No.4, HL, 8K / polished, pickled or passivated as required.
Delivery Condition	Annealed / solution annealed; other tempers available by agreement.
Scope of Application	Applied in oil & gas production equipment needing a combination of strength and resistance to sour / chloride environments after age hardening.
Certificate	ISO / SGS / BV and EN 10204 3.1 MTC available; third-party inspection and PMI can be arranged per purchase order.
Production Technology	Hot rolling or cold rolling / drawing according to product form; solution treatment and pickling / passivation applied where corrosion performance or surface quality require it. Slitting, cut-to-length and recoiling available to ordered width and length.
Edge Processing	Mill or slit edge; trimmed edge available. Coil ID / OD and packing method confirmed with the order.
Thickness	2.5mm-10.0 mm
Length	2000mm, 2440mm, 3000mm, 5800mm, 6000mm, etc.
Width	610-2000 mm

Chemical Composition

C	Al	Si	P	S	Ti	Cr	Mn	Fe	Ni	Cu	Nb	Mo
0.03 max	0.1 - 0.5	0.5 max	0.03 max	0.03 max	1.9 - 2.4	19.5 - 22.5	1.0 max	22.0 min	42.00-46.00	1.5 - 3.0	0.5 max	2.5 - 3.5

Mechanical Properties

Tensile Strength (ksi)	0.2% Yield Strength (ksi)	Elongation% in 2 inches
85	35	30

Physical Performance

	Units	Temperature in°C
Density	8.14 g/cm³	Room
Specific Heat	0.105 Kcal/kg.C	Room
Melting Range	1370-1400°C	-
Modulus of Elasticity	196 KN/mm²	20°
Electrical Resistivity	113 μΩ.cm	25°
Coefficient of Expansion	14.1 μm/m °C	25 - 100°
Thermal Conductivity	11.1 w/m-° K	25°

Selection note: match grade to medium, temperature, chloride level and whether as-welded corrosion service is required.

Related Properties

Corrosion Resistance	Provides practical corrosion resistance in atmospheric exposure, fresh water, food-contact environments and many mild chemical media. Resistance drops when chlorides, reducing acids or high-temperature concentrated solutions become dominant—match the grade to the real medium, temperature and oxygen level.
Formability	Most austenitic corrosion grades form well by bending, rolling, deep drawing and stamping when tooling radii, lubrication and springback are set for the thickness and temper. Work hardening raises strength during cold work; intermediate anneal may be needed for severe multi-stage forming.
Weldability	Generally weldable with common fusion processes. For as-welded corrosive service, prefer low-carbon (L) or stabilized grades, control heat input, and specify filler that preserves corrosion resistance in the weld metal and HAZ. Post-weld cleaning and passivation improve finished performance.
Surface & Cleanliness	Final corrosion behavior is strongly affected by surface finish, free iron contamination and weld discoloration. Pickling, passivation or electropolishing after fabrication is often as important as grade selection for sanitary, marine and chemical equipment.
Selection Notes	Use molybdenum-bearing or higher-alloy variants when pitting, crevice attack or stronger chemical media are expected. Confirm product form (plate, tube, bar, wire) and heat-treatment condition against the project specification before ordering.

Material guidance for your next project

Send your grade, size and application requirements to our team.

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