HONGCHEN METAL
INDUSTRIAL METAL MATERIALS

PRODUCT DATA SHEET
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PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS · PLATE

Stainless Steel 410 Plate

Chemical composition, mechanical properties and material characteristics

Features

- 410 stainless steel is a commonly used martensitic stainless steel whose main components are iron, carbon, chromium and a small amount of other elements.

Typical Applications

- Widely used in high temperature and electrical industry, medical equipment construction, chemical, food industry, agriculture and ship parts, food and beverage packaging, Kitchen supplies, trains, airplanes, conveyor belts, vehicles, bolts, nuts, springs and screens, etc.

Product Parameters

Product Name	410 Stainless Steel Plate
Type	Precision Machining / Hardenable Stainless Grade
Standard	ASTM, AISI, JIS, GB, DIN, EN, etc.
Surface	Peeled, turned, ground or polished; black / annealed bar and plate also available.
Delivery Condition	Annealed for machining, or quench-tempered / age-hardened to the ordered hardness.
Scope of Application	Widely used in high temperature and electrical industry, medical equipment construction, chemical, food industry, agriculture and ship parts, food and beverage packaging, Kitchen supplies, trains, airplanes, conveyor belts, vehicles, bolts, nuts, springs and screens, etc.
Certificate	EN 10204 3.1 MTC with chemistry and hardness / mechanical results as ordered.
Production Technology	Supplied for CNC turning, milling and drilling; heat treatment (quench-temper or aging) is applied after rough machining when final strength or wear resistance is required. Cut-to-length, leveling, plasma / waterjet cutting and surface grinding available.
Edge Processing	Mill, slit or trimmed edge; final edge condition confirmed by thickness, width tolerance and downstream welding / forming needs.
Thickness	0.3mm-200mm
Length	2000mm, 2438mm, 3000mm, 5800mm, 6000mm, 12000mm, etc.
Width	40mm-600mm , 1000mm , 1219mm , 1500mm , 1800mm , 2000mm , 2500mm , 3000mm , 3500mm , etc.

Chemical Composition

C	Si	Mn	Cr	Ni	S	P
≤ 0.15	≤1.0	≤1.0	11.5～13.5	≤ 0.5	≤ 0.03	≤ 0.04

Mechanical Properties

Tensile Strength Kb (MPa)	Yield Strength σ0.2 (MPa)	Elongation D5 (%)	Hardness
≥450	≥205	≥20	≤201HB

Physical Performance

Density(g/cm³)	Modulus of Elasticity(Gpa)	Coefficient of Thermal Expansion(10 -6 /°C)	Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity(W/m * K)	Resistivity(MΩ. cm)
7 .74	200	9.9	24.9	570

Selection note: leave finishing stock when hardening after rough machining to hold final tolerances.

Related Properties

Machinability	Best machined in the annealed condition with rigid setups; finish operations after quench-and-temper when hardness is required. Expect lower toughness than austenitic grades at the same hardness.
Heat-Treatment Response	Martensitic and precipitation-hardening grades can be quench-tempered or age-hardened after rough machining to raise hardness, strength and wear resistance. Final dimensional stability depends on leaving finishing stock for post-heat-treat grinding.
Wear Resistance	After proper hardening and tempering, suitable for shafts, valves and moderate-wear parts. Not a high-chromium cutlery grade like 420/440C.
Formability	Best bent, straightened or cold-formed in the softer annealed condition, then hardened if the finished part needs high strength. Attempting severe forming in the hardened state risks cracking.
Dimensional Control	Distortion during heat treatment and residual stress from heavy machining are the main risks for precision parts. Stress-relief steps, balanced stock removal and final grind after hardening help hold tight tolerances.

Material guidance for your next project

Send your grade, size and application requirements to our team.

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